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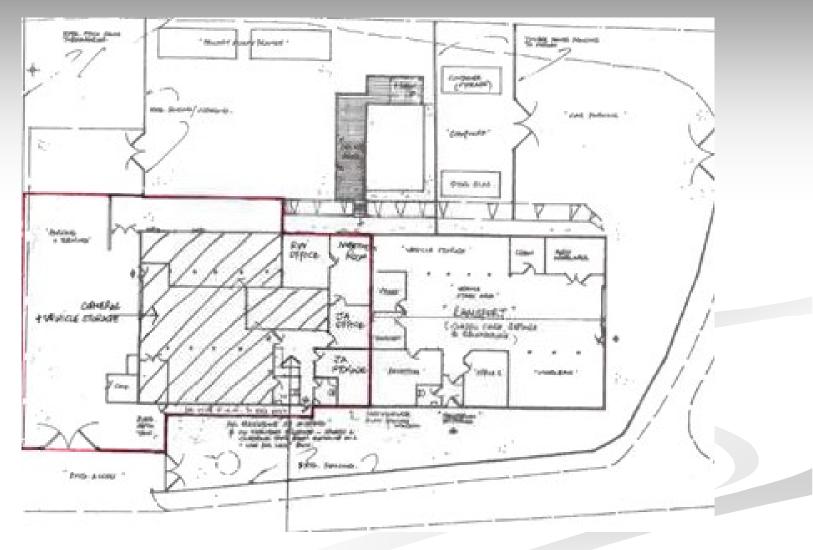
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# 23/2023/0161/PC

# Land opposite Bryn Eglur, Llanrhaeadr

## (former hen shed)

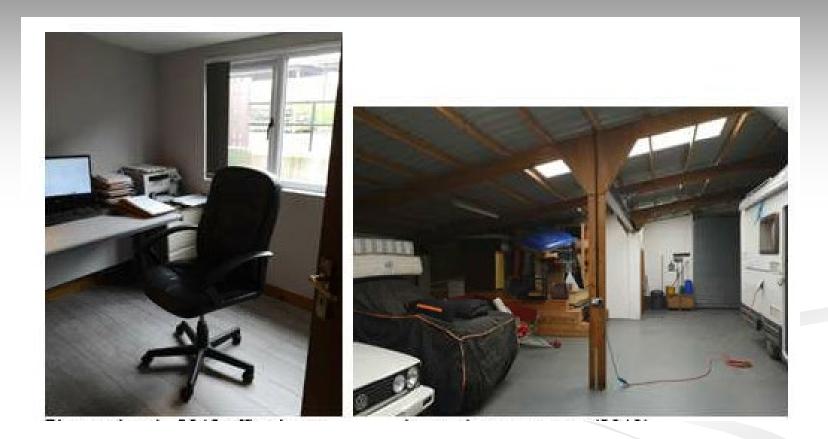
Retrospective application for the change of use of part of the building to form builder's storage depot (sui generis) with associated office space (B1).



Site plan



View of site entrance from road



Photos taken during 2019 site visit showing rooms in office use and internal storage area



Photos taken during 2019 site visit showing internal workshop storage area and external access and parking

	Luci Mayall
WARD :	Llanrhaeadr Yng Nghinmeirch
WARD MEMBER(S):	Elfed Williams (c)
APPLICATION NO:	23/2023/0161/ PC
PROPOSAL:	Retrospective application for the change of use of part of the building to form builder's storage depot (sui generis) with associated office space (B1).
LOCATION:	Hen Shed, Llanrhaeadr, Denbigh LL16 4PH
APPLICANT:	Mr Rob Wilding
CONSTRAINTS:	None.
PUBLICITY UNDERTAKEN:	Site Notice - No Press Notice - No Neighbour letters - Yes

## **REASON(S) APPLICATION REPORTED TO COMMITTEE:** Scheme of Delegation Part 2

• Recommendation to grant / approve – Town / Community Council objection

#### **CONSULTATION RESPONSES:**

LLANRHAEADR YNG NGHINMEIRCH COMMUNITY COUNCIL-

Following observations:

1. No bat survey has been done.

2. Members of the Council would like to see the on site planning history to the buildings and site under review.

3. There is no proven need for the premises and yard usage.

4. The building is of a substantial size outside the Local Development Site which has no local needs requirements.

Confirmed response is an objection 9/10/2023

DENBIGHSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL CONSULTEES – Traffic, Parking and Road Safety:

- Highways Officer-No objection.

Public Protection Officer – No comments received.

Strategic Planning and Housing Officer-

LDP policy PSE 4 'Re-use and adaptation of rural buildings in open countryside' explicitly states that, "Proposals for the conversion of rural buildings outside the development boundary for employment use will be supported." It's understood from the submitted information with the applications that the business yard is used for storage purposes i.e., Use Class B8. There appears to be compliance with local policy unless you have evidence to the effect that the rural buildings, 'eco cabin' and 'building', are not suitable for a conversion to office use. Since the premise was previously used as a poultry farm, there are unlikely to be any architectural or historic features that need to be retained as part of the change of use.

Before granting planning permission, you want to ascertain that the proposed change of use also complies with LDP policy VOE 1 "Key Areas of Importance" and LDP policy VOE 5 "Conservation of natural resources". This is to ensure no adverse effects on local landscape designations or historic buildings in the vicinity of the application sites, and no adverse effects on the natural environment. Technical advice may be sought by you from other consultees, as considered appropriate.

## **RESPONSE TO PUBLICITY:**

No representations received.

#### **EXPIRY DATE OF APPLICATION: 09/05/2023**

## EXTENSION OF TIME AGREED? Yes, 10/11/2023

#### **REASONS FOR DELAY IN DECISION (where applicable):**

- additional information required from applicant
- protracted negotiations resulting in amended plans
- re-consultations / further publicity necessary on amended plans and / or additional information
- awaiting consideration by Committee

## PLANNING ASSESSMENT:

## 1. THE PROPOSAL:

- 1.1 <u>Summary of proposals</u>
  - 1.1.1 The application seeks retrospective permission for the change of use of part of the building to form builder's storage depot (sui generis) with associated office space (B1) at Hen Shed, Llanrhaeadr.
  - 1.1.2 The site area measures 450sqm and employs 2 full time staff.
  - 1.1.3 The section of the building is used as a business premises for 'Rob Wilding Property Investments' and a local builder.
  - 1.1.4 The change of use of the building would comprise a meeting/conference room, two offices, communal kitchen/refreshment area and WC and equipment/stock storage areas.
  - 1.1.5 A large area of the building is taken up by general storage and vehicle storage which is in connection with the building business. It involves the storage of materials, stock, equipment and PPE associated with the building trade including vehicle and caravan used for working on job sites.
  - 1.1.6 No external alterations are proposed.

#### 1.2 Other relevant information/supporting documents in the application

1.2.1 Design and Access Statement. Additional information from agent.

#### 1.3 Description of site and surroundings

- 1.3.1 The site is in open countryside approximately 1.5km from the village of Pentre Llanrhaeadr. It is surrounded on all sides by agricultural land, with the nearest dwelling, Bryn Eglur located approximately 150m to the south east of the site.
- 1.3.2 The building itself is a former hen rearing shed of some 800 square metres floorspace. It is understood it was used in connection with the agricultural business at Bryn Eglur. The building retains most of its original form. It has been split into two

units, with a company Ramsport, who operate a Mechanic Workshop for Specialist Motorsport/Classic Car Business, occupying the northern side. The use which forms the subject of the application occupies the southern section of the building.

- 1.3.3 The site is accessed from the highway by a single access point which is the original hen shed access on the eastern road frontage. There is a hardstanding area adjacent to the access and parking and turning space.
- 1.3.4 Inside the building has already been partitioned off to form separate rooms and offices.
- 1.4 Relevant planning constraints/considerations

1.4.1 The application site is located within open countryside and outside of any development boundaries as annotated in the Local Development Plan.

- 1.5 Relevant planning history
  - 1.5.1 It is understood the use of the shed for the storage of chickens ceased in late 2003 and it was then that the applicant began to use it and a building to the rear for Class B8 storage and distribution of white goods. An application to continue the use of both sheds for this purpose was refused in July 2005 due to the scale of the use and its impact on the surrounding highway network. A further application for continuation of this use was refused in 2006. The use has ceased some years ago.
  - 1.5.2 An application for change of use of part of the agricultural building and associated hardstanding to Mechanic Workshop for Specialist Motorsport/Classic Car Business was granted planning permission by Planning Committee in 2019.
  - 1.5.3 An application for an existing lawful development certificate for the change of use of part of building to a single dwellinghouse (resubmission) was refused and dismissed at public inquiry by the Inspector.
- 1.6 Developments/changes since the original submission
  - 1.6.1 Updated description. Additional information and explanation for uses from agent.
- 1.7 Other relevant background information
  - 1.7.1 The other half of the building is occupied by Ramsport Motors (approved at Planning Committee in 2019.

## 2. DETAILS OF PLANNING HISTORY:

2.1 34/1977 Erection of Poultry House, GRANTED 12/04/1977

- 2.2 34/8463 Erection of additional poultry shed and extension to existing one, GRANTED 27/01/1987
- 2.3 23/2004/0940 Change of use of existing agricultural building to storage and distribution (retrospective application) REFUSED 24/03/2005
  - 1. The proposal, by reason of the scale and nature of the use, impact on local landscape and inadequate surrounding road network would conflict with criterion i), ii) and iv) of Policy GEN 6 and criterion a), d) and g) of Policy EMP 5 and Planning Guidance (Wales) TAN (WALES) Agricultural Rural Development.
  - 2. The site is approached by means of narrow unclassified roads, that are substandard in width and alignment to serve the use. The proposal would result in a material increase in the volume and type of vehicular traffic using these roads with consequent additional dangers to all highway users.

- 2.4 23/2005/1403 Continuation of use of former agricultural building as storage and distribution (retrospective application) REFUSED 22/03/2006
  - The proposal, by reason of the scale and nature of the use, impact on local landscape and inadequate surrounding road network would conflict with criterion i), ii) and ivv) of Policy GEN 6 and criterion a), d) and g) of Policy EMP 5 and Planning Guidance (Wales) TAN (WALES) - Agricultural Rural Development.
  - 2. The site is approached by means of narrow unclassified roads, that are substandard in width and alignment to serve the use. The proposal would result in a material increase in the volume and type of vehicular traffic using these roads with consequent additional dangers to all highway users.
- 2.5 23/2015/0016 Change of use from agricultural to vehicle/caravan storage and vehicle repairs/renovations specifically classic vehicle restorations (retrospective application) INVALID
- 2.6 23/2019/0268 Existing lawful development certificate for the change of use of part of building to a single dwellinghouse, REFUSED TO CERTIFY 14/05/2019
- 2.7 23/2019/0259 Retrospective application for the change of use of part of an agricultural building and associated hardstanding to Mechanic Workshop for Specialist Motorsport/Classic Car Business, GRANTED at Planning Committee on 22/05/2019
- 2.8 23/2019/0706 Existing lawful development certificate for the change of use of part of building to a single dwellinghouse (resubmission) REFUSED 6/12/2019

1. The applicant has failed to demonstrate, on the balance of probability, that the property has been occupied as a dwellinghouse for a continuous period of four years or more 2. The applicant has attempted to secure a lawful use through methods of deception to avoid the residential use being detected and should not benefit in law from that deception.

#### APPEAL DISMISSED 10/03/2022

Enforcement Notice upheld with variations. Required the applicant to cease residential use of the building, remove domestic items and fixtures etc

2.9 23/2020/0435 Lawful development certificate for the construction of an "eco-cabin building", GRANTED 25/09/2020

#### 3. RELEVANT POLICIES AND GUIDANCE:

The main planning policies and guidance are considered to be:

#### Local Policy/Guidance

Denbighshire Local Development Plan (adopted 4<sup>th</sup> June 2013) **Policy PSE4** – Re-use and adaptation of rural buildings in open countryside **Policy PSE5** – Rural economy **Policy ASA3** – Parking standards **Policy VOE5**- Conservation of Natural Resources

#### Supplementary Planning Guidance

Supplementary Planning Guidance Note: Parking Requirements In New Developments Supplementary Planning Guidance Note: Re-use and adaptation of rural buildings Supplementary Planning Guidance Note: Trees & Landscaping Supplementary Planning Guidance Note: Conservation and Enhancement of Biodiversity

#### **Government Policy / Guidance**

Planning Policy Wales (Edition 11) February 2021 Development Control Manual November 2016 Future Wales – The National Plan 2040

**Technical Advice Notes** 

TAN 5 Nature Conservation and Planning (2009) TAN 6 Planning for Sustainable Rural Communities (2010) TAN 18 Transport (2007)

## 4. MAIN PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS:

In terms of general guidance on matters relevant to the consideration of a planning application, Section 9.1.2 of the Development Management Manual (DMM) confirms the requirement that planning applications 'must be determined in accordance with the approved or adopted development plan for the area, unless material considerations indicate otherwise'. It advises that material considerations must be relevant to the regulation of the development and use of land in the public interest, and fairly and reasonably relate to the development concerned. The DMM further states that material considerations can include the number, size, layout, design and appearance of buildings, the means of access, landscaping, service availability and the impact on the neighbourhood and on the environment (Section 9.4).

The DMM has to be considered in conjunction with Planning Policy Wales, Edition 11 (February 2021) and other relevant legislation.

Denbighshire County Council declared a climate change and ecological emergency in July 2019. In October 2020 the Council approved an amendment of its Constitution so that all decisions of the Council now have regard to tackling climate and ecological change as well as having regard to the sustainable development principles and the well-being of future generations.

The Council aims to become a Net Carbon Zero Council and an Ecologically Positive Council by 31 March 2030. Its goal and priorities are set out in its Climate and Ecological Change Strategy 2021/22 to 2029/30. The actions, projects and priorities in the Strategy directly relate to council owned and controlled assets and services. One priority of the Strategy is to promote the existing policies within the Local Development Plan (LDP) 2006 to 2021 and Supplementary Planning Guidance (SPG) which contribute to environmentally responsible development. In preparing these reports to determine planning applications we therefore highlight the LDP 2006 to 2021 and appropriate SPG. Applications that are determined in accordance with the LDP 2006 to 2021 are environmentally responsible developments.

Planning applications are assessed in accordance with statutory requirements including The Environment (Wales) Act 2016, national policy (Future Wales, PPW 11) and local policy (LDP 2006 to 2021) and therefore they are assessed with regard to tackling climate and ecological change which is a material consideration.

The following paragraphs in Section 4 of the report therefore refer to all statutory requirements, policies and material planning considerations which are considered to be of relevance to the proposal.

4.1 The main land use planning issues in relation to the application are considered to be:

- 4.1.1 Principle
- 4.1.2 Visual amenity
- 4.1.3 Residential amenity
- 4.1.4 Ecology
- 4.1.5 Highways (including access and parking)

4.2 In relation to the main planning considerations:

#### 4.2.1 Principle

Policy PSE 4 of the Local Development Plan establishes a presumption in favour of the conversion of rural buildings outside development boundaries for employment use.

Policy PSE 5 lends further support to developments which help to sustain the rural economy with employment proposals supported subject to compliance with four criteria, namely:

i) the proposal is appropriate in scale and nature to its location; and
 ii) any suitable existing buildings are converted or re-used in preference to new build; and

*iii) proposals for new buildings are supported by an appropriate business case which demonstrates that it will support the local economy to help sustain local rural communities; and* 

*iv)* within the AONB/AOB, Pontcysyllte Aqueduct and Canal World Heritage Site (including the buffer zone) or other regionally important landscape areas, take full account of and seek to enhance the nature and distinctive qualities of the local landscape. In line with national policy any proposals that are considered to be detrimental to the quality of the AONB and World Heritage Site will be refused.

The Community Council have raised concerns regarding the size of the building and need for the new use.

Having regard to the concerns raised by the Community Council, the existing building proposed for conversion is considered to be a brownfield site. The proposed use as a builders storage depot with associated offices is considered to be an acceptable employment use for this rural building. The Strategic Housing and Policy Officer response confirms that an employment use will be supported under Policy PSE4 of the Local development Plan. It is noted there is no policy requirement to justify the need of use or size of the building in circumstances such as being considered.

There are Planning Policies in place which allow for the conversions of buildings in the open countryside to employment use. The introduction of an employment use as an office and builders storage depot within the building is therefore considered acceptable in principle in relation to policies PSE 4 and 5 given its an existing building proposed for conversion in the open countryside.

It is a consideration in relation to the application that the business currently employs 2 staff and would establish an employment use within a former agricultural building.

With respect to the comments about the need for this development in the area, there is no Planning Policy requirement to establish need for an employment use in an existing building. The justification provided for the proposed use is considered to be sound.

Having regard to the above, Officer opinion is that the acceptability of the use should rest on the assessment of localised impacts of the use which is assessed in the following sections of the report. The criteria of Policy PSE 5 as above are considered to have been met.

#### 4.2.2 Visual amenity

The Development Management Manual advises at paragraph 9.4.3 that material considerations must be fairly and reasonably related to the development concerned, and can include the number, size, layout, design and appearance of buildings, the means of access, landscaping, service availability and the impact on the neighbourhood and on the environment; and the effects of a development on, for example, health, public safety and crime. The visual amenity and landscape impacts of development should therefore be regarded as a potential material consideration.

No representations have been received raising visual amenity issues.

The proposal involves the use of an existing agricultural building with limited external changes impacting on its character. The application offers an opportunity for the Authority to secure improvements to the appearance of the open land surrounding the building, through appropriate hard and soft landscaping.

#### 4.2.3 Residential amenity

The Development Management Manual advises at paragraph 9.4.3 that material considerations must be fairly and reasonably related to the development concerned, and can include the number, size, layout, design and appearance of buildings, the means of access, landscaping, service availability and the impact on the neighbourhood and on the environment; and the effects of a development on, for example, health, public safety and crime. The residential amenity impacts of development should therefore be regarded as a potential material consideration.

No representations have been received raising residential amenity issues.

The closest residential properties to the site are located approximately 150m to the north west (Fron-deg) and south east of the site (Bryn Eglur).

It is considered that a new office use and builders storage depot within the existing building would not raise any significant noise issues given the previous use as a hen shed which would have generated a potential for considerably more noise and disturbance, and over a 24 hour period. The building has been converted internally with insulation and partition walls since circa 2015 and there have been no noise complaints received by the Council. Also, the Ramsport Classic Car business operating from the other side of the shed has not raised noise complaints since its operation in 2012 and therefore Officers would be of the opinion that and office use and builders storage depot would not raise unacceptable noise impacts more than what currently exist at the site or what have previously operated at the site.

#### 4.2.4 Ecology

Policy VOE 5 requires due assessment of potential impacts on protected species or designated sites of nature conservation, including mitigation proposals, and suggests that permission should not be granted where proposals are likely to cause significant harm to such interests.

This reflects policy and guidance in Planning Policy Wales (PPW 11) Section 6.4 'Biodiversity and Ecological Networks', current legislation and the Conservation and Enhancement of Biodiversity SPG, which stress the importance of the planning system in meeting biodiversity objectives through promoting approaches to development which create new opportunities to enhance biodiversity, prevent biodiversity losses, or compensate for losses where damage is unavoidable.

Planning Policy Wales (PPW 11) sets out that "planning authorities must seek to maintain and enhance biodiversity in the exercise of their functions. This means that development should not cause any significant loss of habitats or populations of species, locally or nationally and must provide a net benefit for biodiversity" (Section 6.4.5). PPW also draws attention to the contents of Section 6 of the Environment (Wales) Act 2016, which sets a duty on Local Planning Authorities to demonstrate they have taken all reasonable steps to maintain and enhance biodiversity in the exercise of their functions. It is important that biodiversity and resilience considerations are taken into account at an early stage when considering development proposals (Section 6.4.4).

The Development Management Manual advises at paragraph 9.4.3 that material considerations must be fairly and reasonably related to the development concerned, and can include the number, size, layout, design and appearance of buildings, the

means of access, landscaping, service availability and the impact on the neighbourhood and on the environment; and the effects of a development on, for example, health, public safety and crime. The ecological impacts of development should therefore be regarded as a potential material consideration.

Future Wales – The National Plan 2040 (2021) advises that 'In all cases, action towards securing the maintenance and enhancement of biodiversity (to provide a net benefit), the resilience of ecosystems and green infrastructure assets must be demonstrated as part of development proposals through innovative, nature-based approaches to site planning and the design of the built environment'. It is therefore recommended that these are included and form part of any planning application.

With respect to comments received from the Community Council regarding a Bat Survey not being submitted, Officers conclude that one would not be required given the building has already been converted a number of years ago and the application is retrospective.

Nevertheless, PPW states that all new developments should demonstrate a biodiversity enhancement. It is therefore considered reasonable to attach a condition to demonstrate that biodiversity enhancement will be provided at the site as a result of the change of use.

Subject to the imposition of an appropriately worded condition, it is considered that the proposals are in line with the advice contained in PPW 11 and would provide enhancement measures to increase the biodiversity opportunities at the site.

## 4.2.5 Highways (including access and parking)

The Development Management Manual advises at paragraph 9.4.3 that material considerations must be fairly and reasonably related to the development concerned, and can include the number, size, layout, design and appearance of buildings, the means of access, landscaping, service availability and the impact on the neighbourhood and on the environment; and the effects of a development on, for example, health, public safety and crime. The highway impacts of development should therefore be regarded as a potential material consideration.

Policy ASA 3 requires adequate parking spaces for cars and bicycles in connection with development proposals, and outlines considerations to be given to factors relevant to the application of standards. These policies reflect general principles set out in Planning Policy Wales (PPW) and TAN 18 – Transport, in support of sustainable development.

The Parking Standards in New Developments SPG sets out the maximum parking standards for new developments.

No representations have been made in relation to highways impacts.

There are no access / highway alterations proposed. It is considered that the traffic flow arising from the proposed use is not any greater than that associated with the previous agricultural use and that it does not create any increased danger to the users of the highway. Highways Officers have raised no objection to the proposal and therefore, it is considered that the proposal would not give rise to an increase in traffic being generated throughout the day and is considered to be acceptable in respect of highway impacts.

#### Other matters

Well – being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015

The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 imposes a duty on the Council not only to carry out sustainable development, but also to take reasonable steps in exercising its functions to meet its sustainable development (or well-being) objectives. The Act sets a requirement to demonstrate in relation to each application determined, how the development complies with the Act.

The report on this application has taken into account the requirements of Section 3 'Well-being duties on public bodies' and Section 5 'The Sustainable Development Principles' of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015. The recommendation is made in accordance with the Act's sustainable development principle through its contribution towards Welsh Governments well-being objective of supporting safe, cohesive and resilient communities. It is therefore considered that there would be no significant or unacceptable impact upon the achievement of well-being objectives as a result of the proposed recommendation.

## 5. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS:

- 6.
- 6.1 The principle of the proposal is considered to be in accordance with planning policy and the localised impacts are considered to be acceptable, subject to appropriate conditions being attached to any permission.

**RECOMMENDATION: GRANT - subject to the following conditions:** 

- The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in strict accordance with details shown on the following submitted plans and documents unless specified as otherwise within any other condition pursuant to this permission:

   (i) Site and Location Plans (Drawing No. 23/5/1) - Received 15 March 2023
   (ii) Supporting Planning Statement (Civitas Planning Ltd) - Received 7 March 2023
   (iii) Additional information from agent emails (Endaf Roberts, Civitas Planning Ltd) - Received 25 May and 28 June 2023
- 2. Notwithstanding the submitted plans, no external lighting shall be installed anywhere within the site without the formal written approval of the local planning authority to the detailing of the proposed lighting, including emergency/security lighting, how light spill is to be minimised, and to a management plan for the control of the lighting. The details shall include the design of the lighting and associated columns / means of fixture to buildings, their position, height, the means and intensity of illumination, hooding, the extent of lumination and the anticipated spread of light, and where relevant, the hours of operation and ideas for the use of lower intensity lighting at night. The lighting strategy shall be implemented and managed strictly in accordance with the approved details.
- 3. There shall be no external storage of building materials, vehicles or caravans associated with the building business within the red line application site boundary as shown on Drawing no. 23/5/1.
- 4. Notwithstanding the hereby approved plans, the development shall not be brought into use until a scheme for biodiversity enhancement has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The details shall include the number, location and specification of bat and bird boxes shown on appropriate plans. The development shall be carried out strictly in accordance with the approved details.
- 5. Notwithstanding the hereby approved plans and documents a full landscaping scheme shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval in writing. The scheme shall be designed to deliver a net benefit for biodiversity and include all proposed new trees, hedgerows, shrubs or vegetation, including confirmation of species, numbers, maturity, location, height, spacing and timing of implementation. The landscaping scheme as approved shall be implemented in the first available planting season following this permission and shall be retained as such at all times.

- 6. All planting comprised in the approved details of landscaping shall be carried out no later than the first planting and seeding season following the commencement of development. Any trees or plants which within a period of 5 years from the completion of the development die, are removed or become seriously damaged or diseased shall be replaced in the next planting season with others of similar size and species, unless otherwise agreed in writing
- 7. Facilities shall be provided and retained within the site for the loading, unloading, parking and turning of vehicles as indicated on the approved plan.

The reasons for the conditions are:

- 1. For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure a satisfactory standard of development.
- 2. In the interests of residential amenity and to protect ecological interests
- 3. In the interests of visual amenity.
- 4. In order to maintain and enhance biodiversity
- 5. In the interests of visual amenity and to maintain and enhance biodiversity
- 6. In the interests of visual amenity and to maintain and enhance biodiversity
- 7. To provide for the parking of vehicles clear of the highway and to ensure that reversing by vehicles into or from the highway is rendered unnecessary in the interest of traffic safety.